

The SaaS Academy



The SaaS CFO's Guide To Achieving GTM Metrics



BEN MURRAY

THE SAAS CFO

ben@thesaascfo.com

MY STORY

- SaaS CFO
- Courses, content, coaching, consulting
- 25+ years in finance & accounting
- 9+ years as a SaaS CFO
- Airlines and software
- MBA and CPA (TN)
- Blogging 7+ years on SaaS at TheSaaSCFO.com
- Courses @ TheSaaSAcademy.com



Today's Agenda



5 Pillar Metrics Framework



GTM Metrics

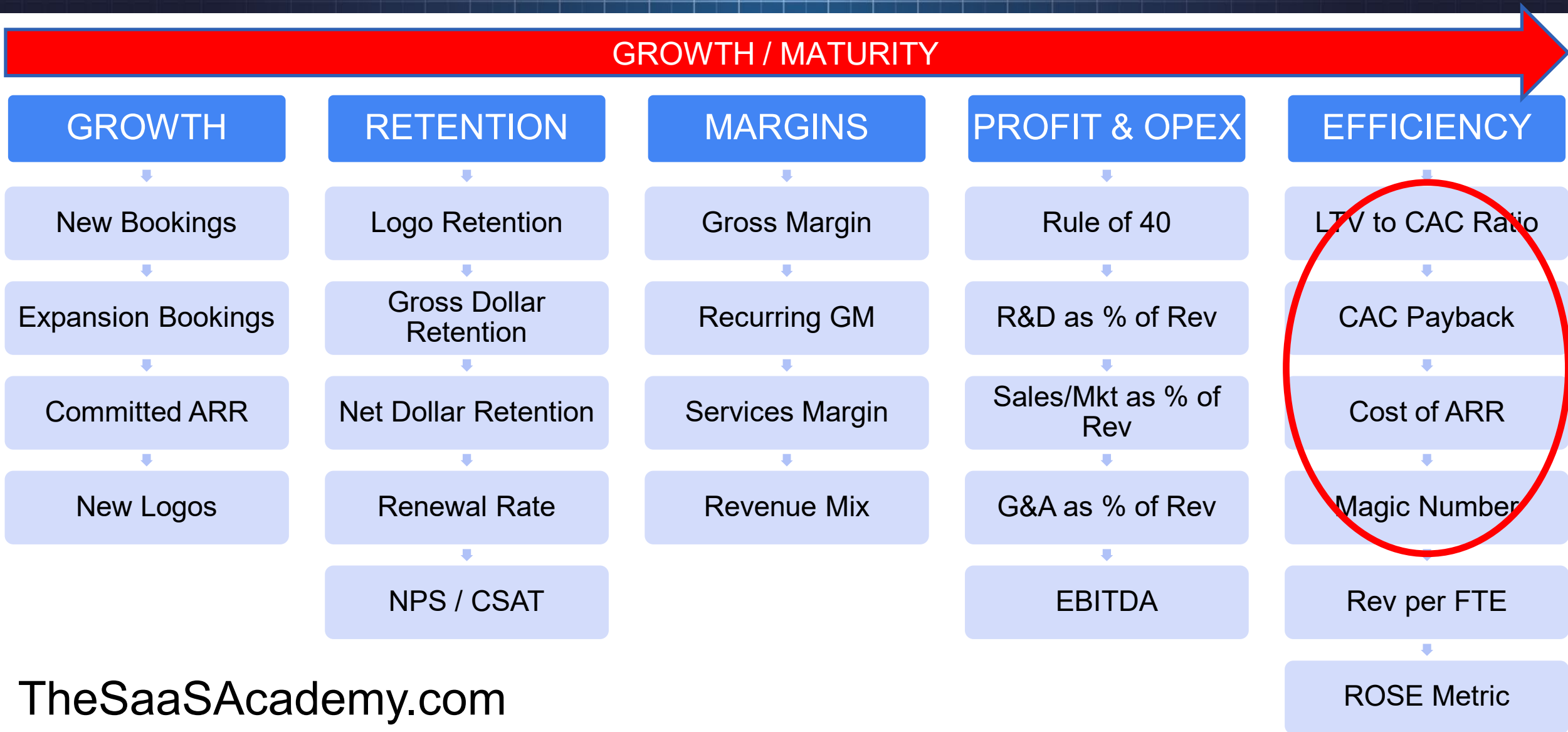


GTM Data



Q&A

The SaaS Metrics Framework





The Why





**What's my return on
sales and marketing
spend?**



**We want to
avoid the
“Black Hole”
of spend!**



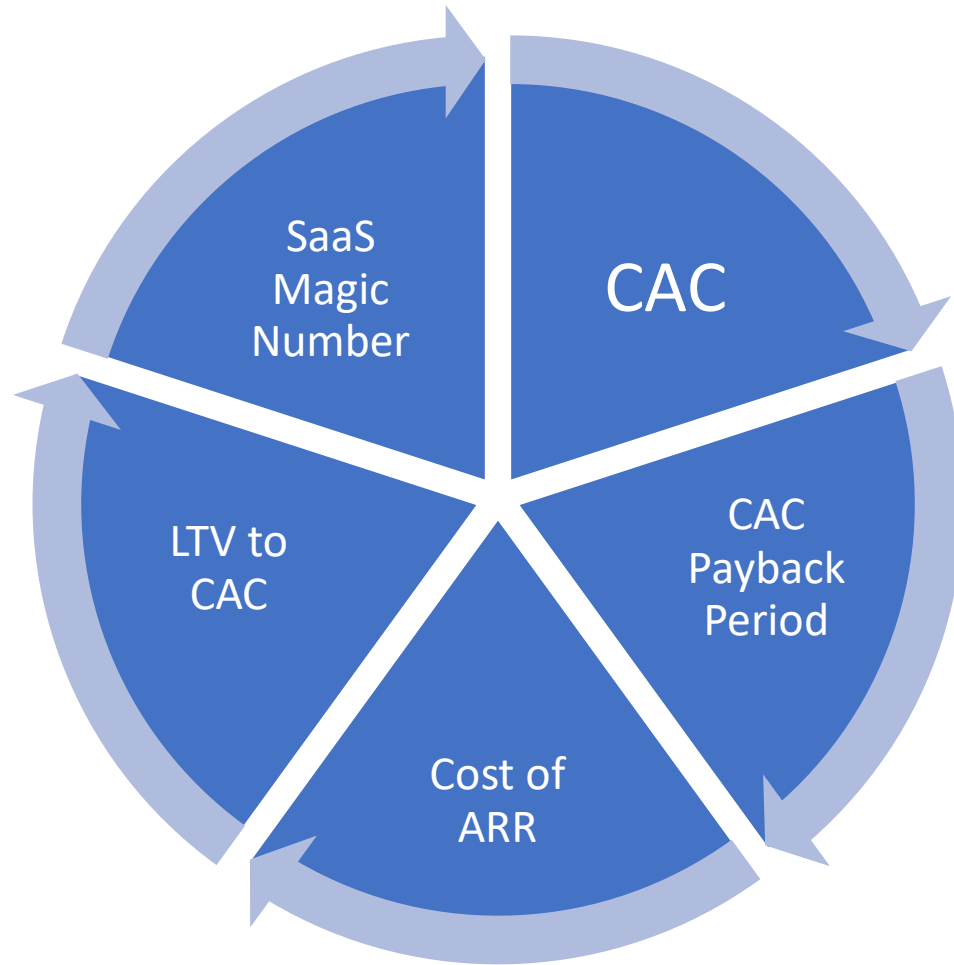
Can you answer this question?

For every dollar I invest in S&M, how much ARR does it produce?

Where do we start?



GTM Profile Metrics



GTM (CAC) Metrics

CAC

The cost to acquire one new customer.

CAC Payback Period

The months required to pay back CAC.

Cost of ARR

The dollar cost to acquire \$1 of net new ARR.

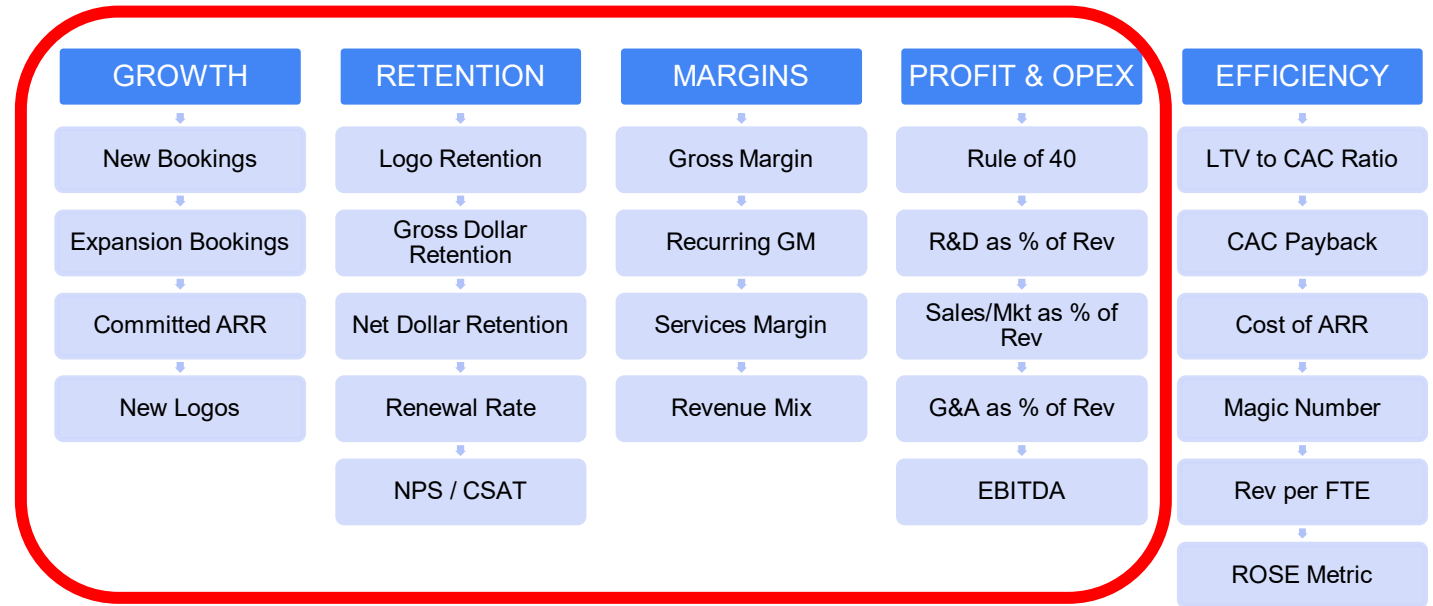
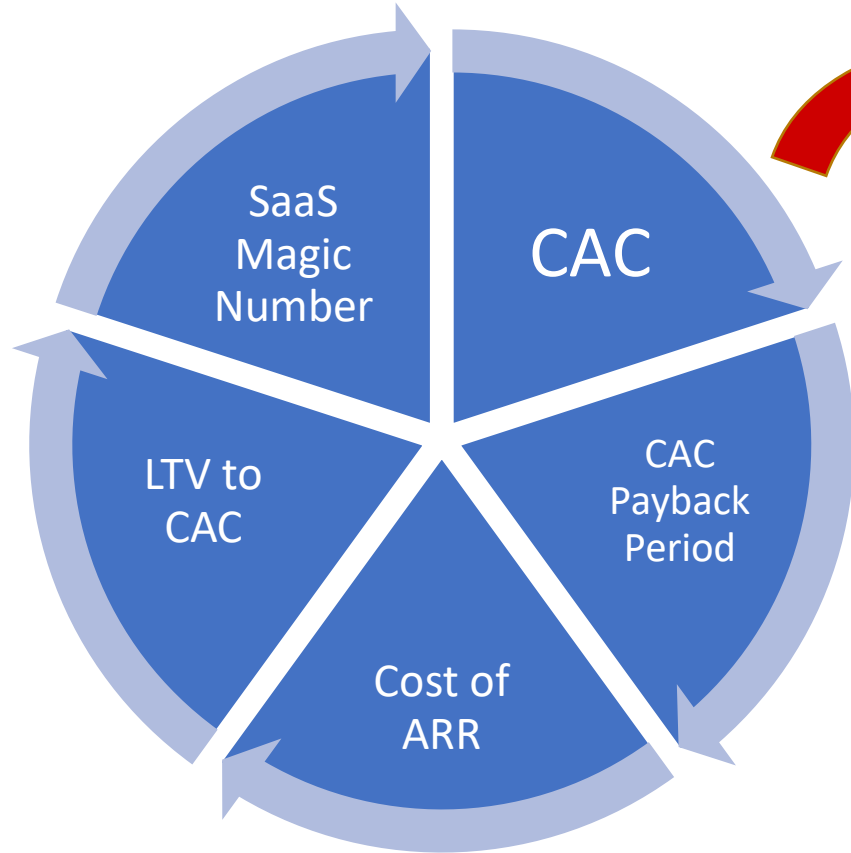
LTV to CAC

The balance between customer value and CAC.

SaaS Magic Number

The cost of revenue growth.

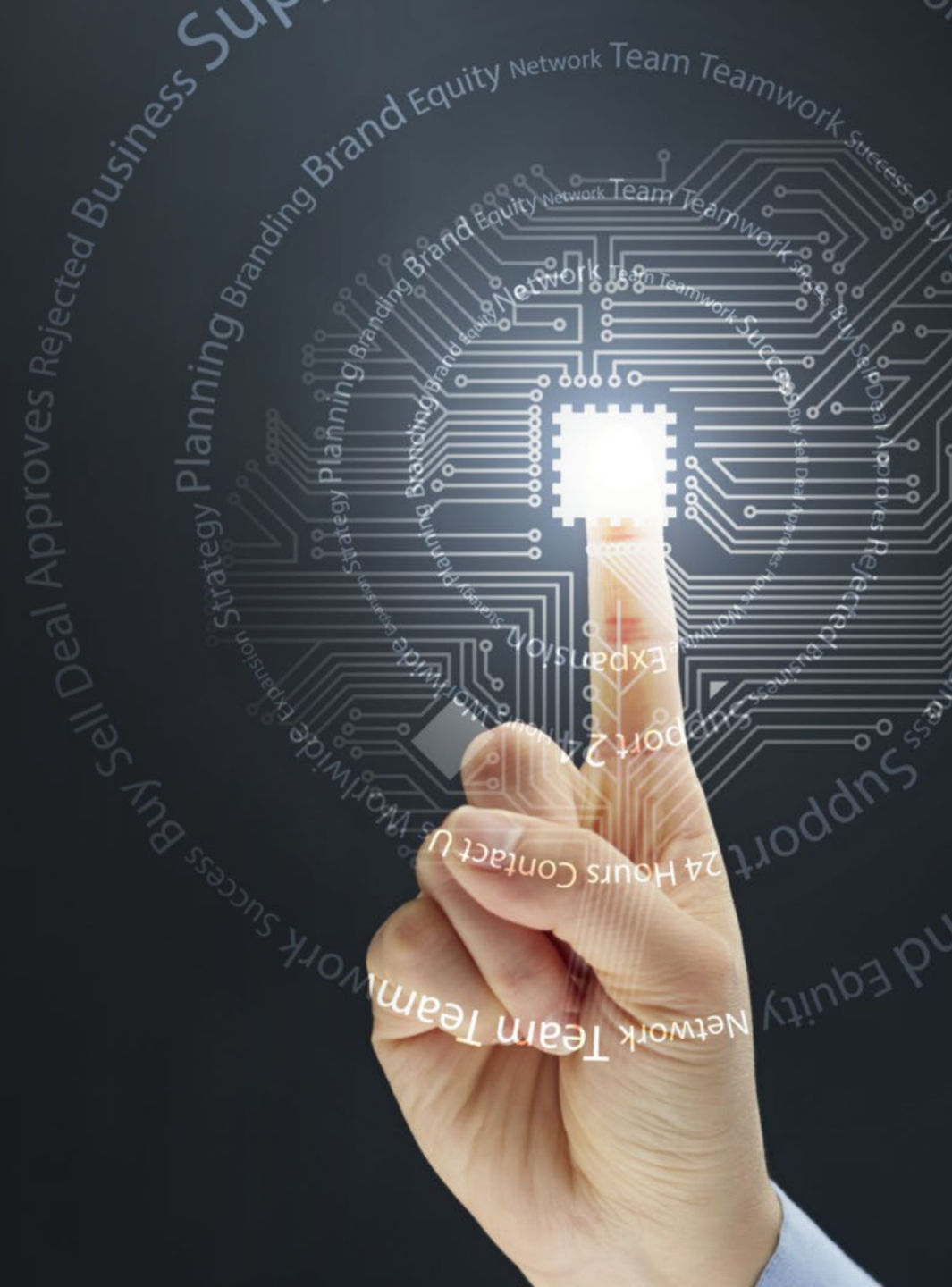
Context Is Important!

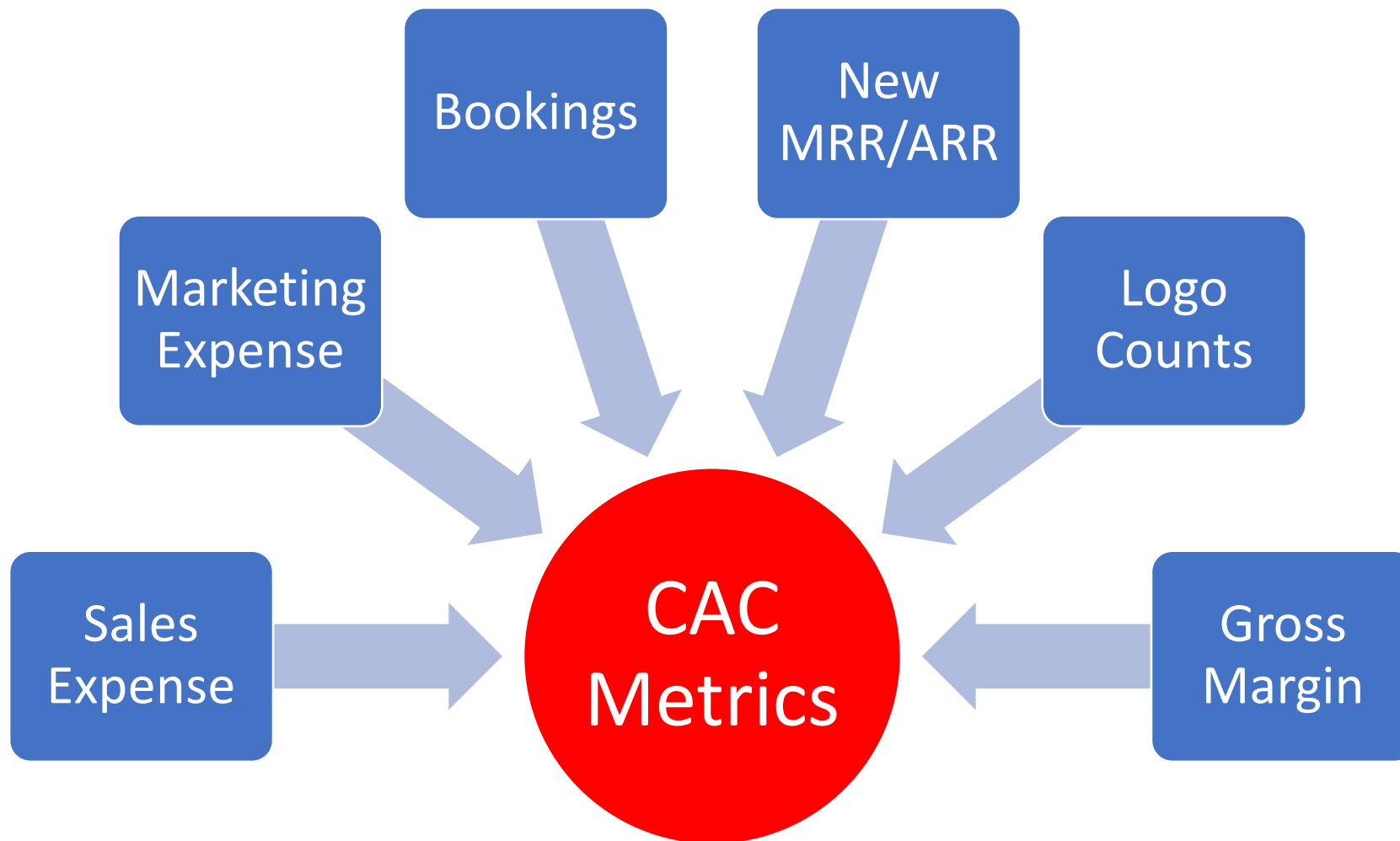


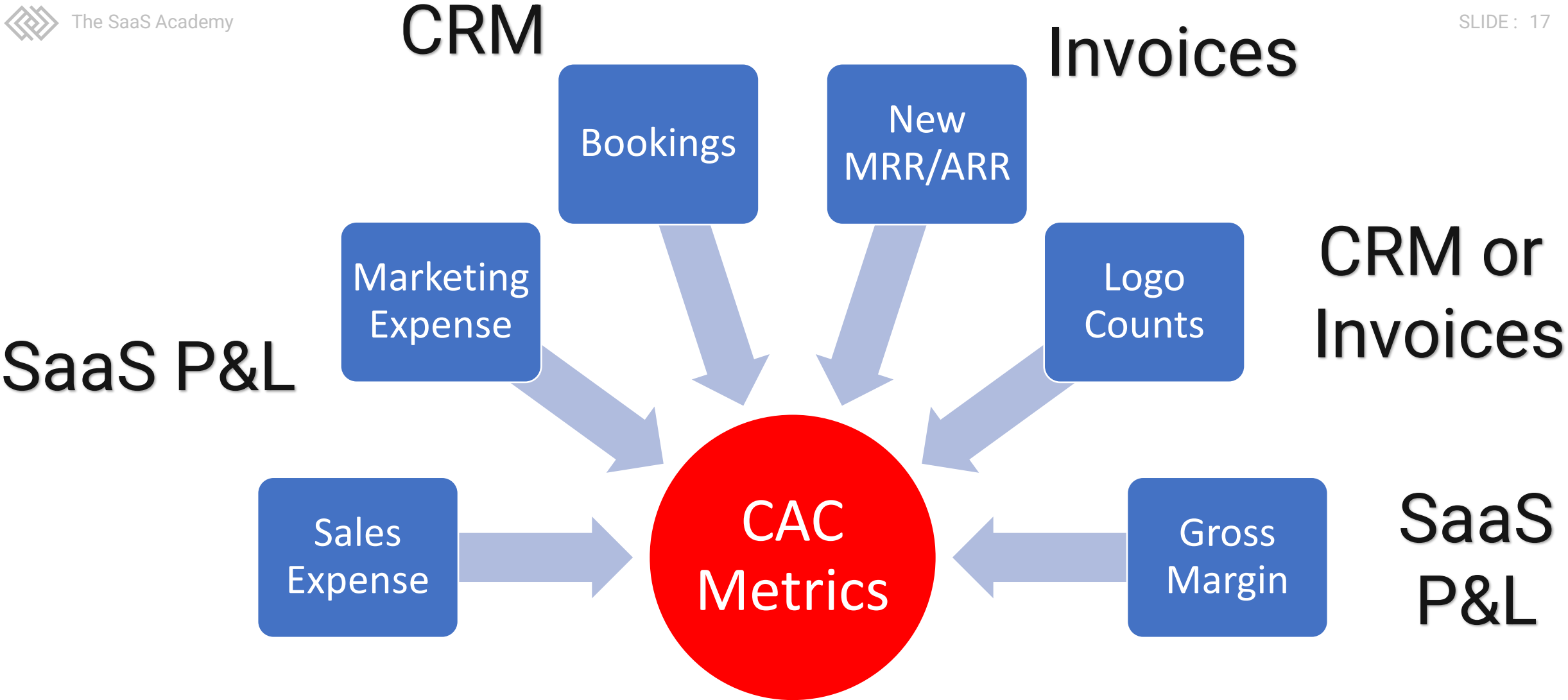
The GMT Metrics Process



The Data









Sales Expense

Fully-burdened expenses attributable to sales. Wages, taxes, benefits, travel, commissions, internal-use software (CRM), training, etc.

Marketing Expense

Fully-burdened expenses attributable to marketing. Wages, taxes, benefits, travel, paid ads, conferences, brand, swag, internal-use software (ESP), training, etc.

Bookings

Executed contracts for our products and services tracked in our CRM software.

New ARR/ARR

If we don't track bookings in our CRM system and offer a low-price point, self-service, we need to track the "layers" of our MRR each month. This includes new, expansion, contraction, and churn MRR.

Logo Counts

In addition to dollars, we must track the number of new and lost customers/users each month. It also helps to track the number of expanded and contracted customers each month.

Gross Margin

Many SaaS metrics are gross adjusted. We need our overall gross margin and recurring gross margin.



Biggest Data Mistake In GTM Metrics?

Not tracking bookings or poor tracking of bookings data.

Without this, we cannot calculate our GTM efficiency metrics.

- Download closed won opportunity data from our CRM system to create bookings data.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	Bookings Report									
2	TheSaaS CFO.com									
3	CY2021-2022									
4										
5										
6	New Customers	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
7	ARR	70,000	96,140	143,976	191,812	239,647	287,483	335,319	383,155	430,990
8	Field Services	5,200	2,500	3,500	4,500	5,500	6,500	7,500	8,500	9,500
9	Sub-total New	\$75,200	\$ 98,640	\$147,476	\$196,312	\$245,147	\$293,983	\$342,819	\$391,655	\$440,490
10										
11										
12	Existing Customers	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21
13	Upsell	500	5,000	50,000	500	14,000	11,750	9,500	7,250	5,000
14	Cross-sell	500	5,000	50,000	500	14,000	11,750	9,500	7,250	5,000
15	Downgrades		(5,000)						(50,000)	
16	Field Services	1,250	3,546	2,345	3,475	4,023	4,570	5,118	5,665	6,213
17	Sub-total Existing	\$ 2,250	\$ 8,546	\$102,345	\$ 4,475	\$ 32,023	\$ 28,070	\$ 24,118	\$ (29,835)	\$ 16,213
18										
19	ARR	71,000	101,140	243,976	192,812	267,647	310,983	354,319	347,655	440,990
20	Field Services	6,450	6,046	5,845	7,975	9,523	11,070	12,618	14,165	15,713
21	Total Bookings	\$77,450	\$107,186	\$249,821	\$200,787	\$277,170	\$322,053	\$366,937	\$361,820	\$456,703



Calculate





Monthly Process

Define the formula, parameters, and nuances!

Calculate historical and forecasted metrics

Calculated by your CFO, FP&A team, or Fractional CFO



The Process



What Am I Looking For?

A man and a woman are holding a large, unfolded map in front of a cloudy sky. The map is a detailed topographical map with green, brown, and blue colors. The man is on the left, and the woman is on the right. The map is held up to their faces, obscuring them. The background is a bright blue sky with white clouds. The map shows a large body of water on the left side, and various roads and geographical features are visible. The text 'Context', 'Trends', and 'Benchmarks' is overlaid on the map in white, bold, italicized font.

Context

Trends

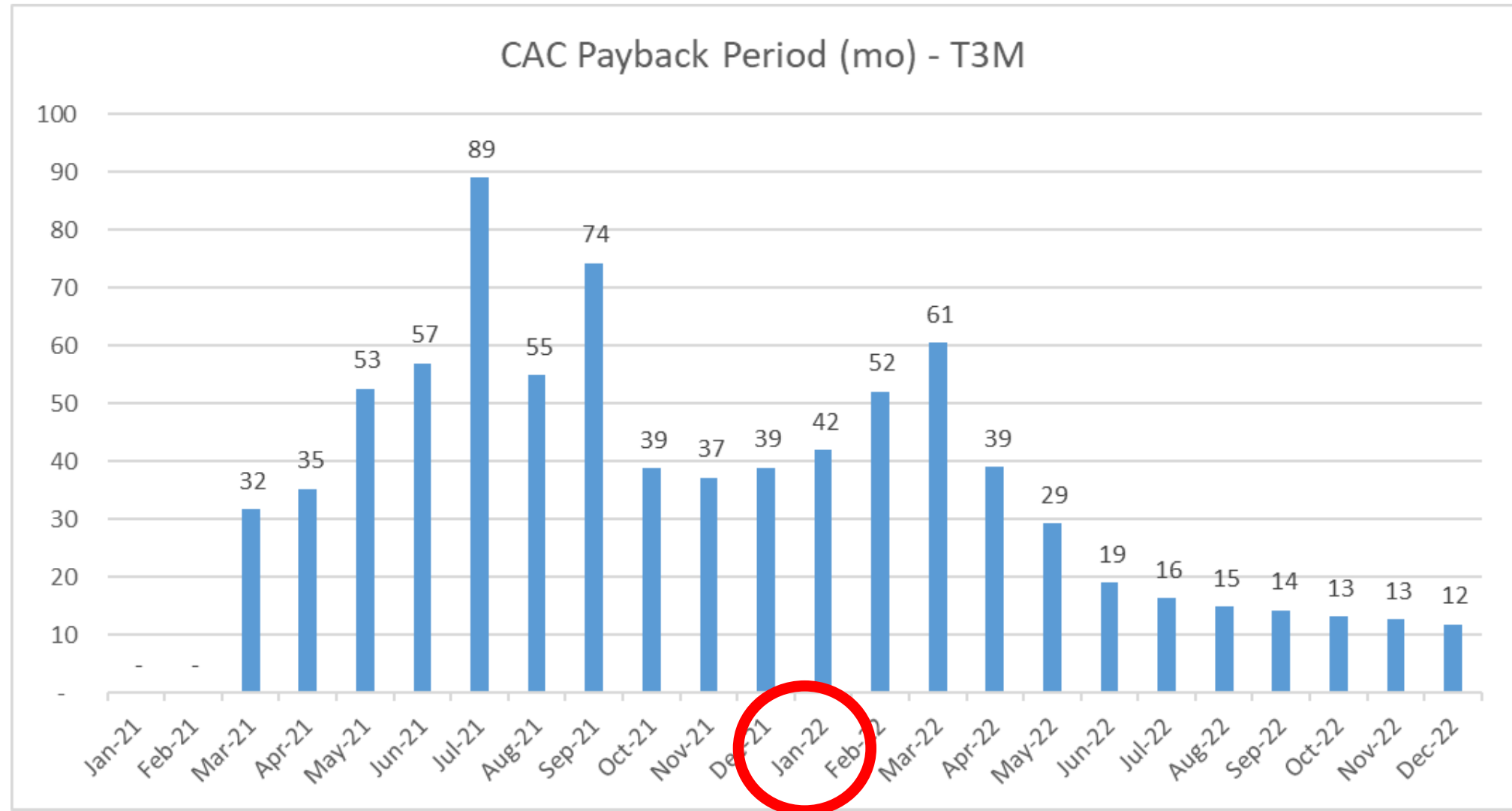
Benchmarks



Context

We need more than one point in time.

Historical and Forecast



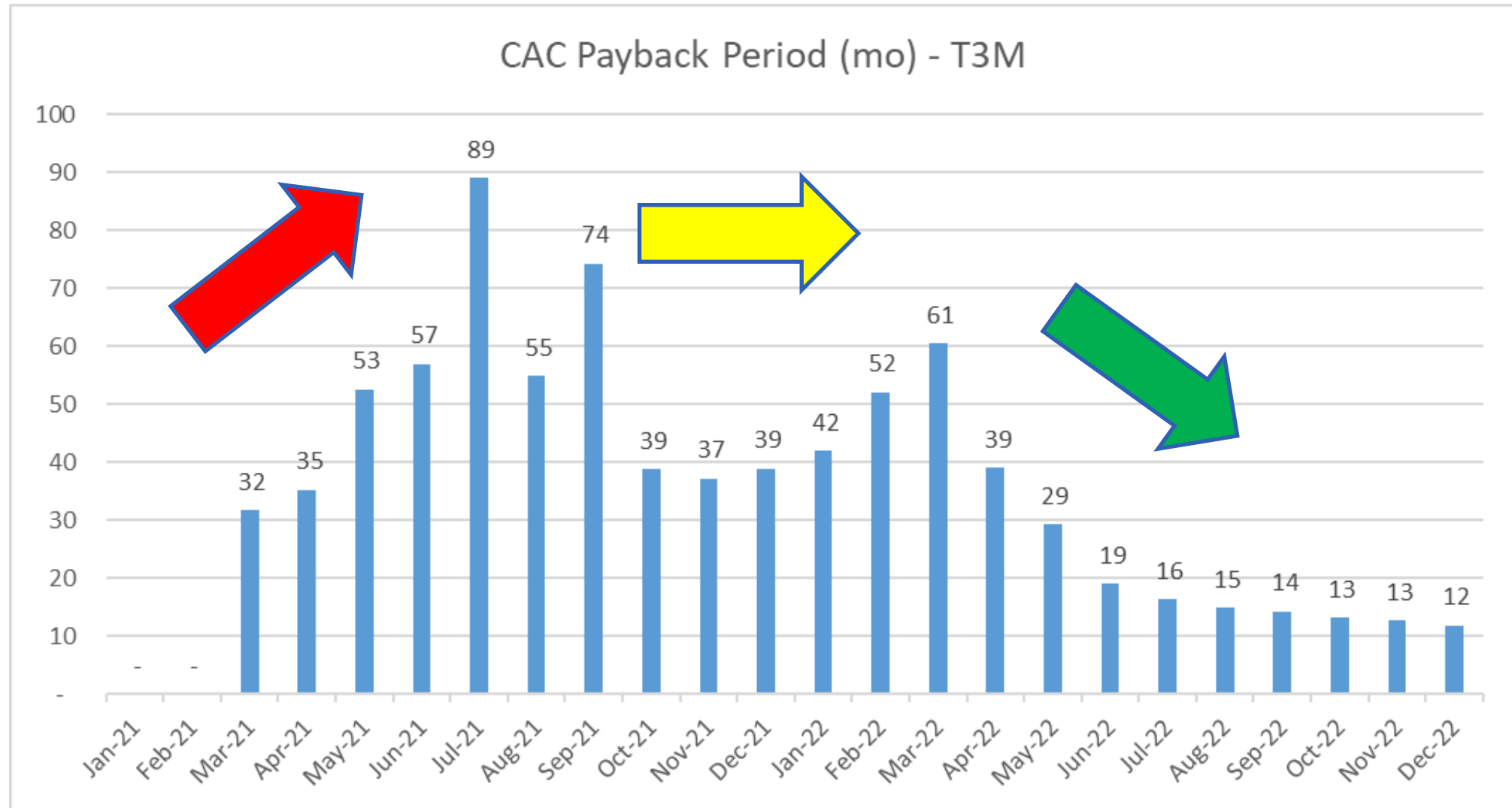


Trends

Do we see a pattern?

Are we on an upward, flat, or downward trajectory?

What actions do we need to take?





Benchmarks

How do we compare against our peers or top performers or internal targets?

Benchmarks | Point In Time



GROWTH

New Bookings
Expansion Bookings
CARR
New Logos
ARPA / ARPU

RETENTION

Gross Logo Retention
Gross Dollar Retention
Net Dollar Retention
Net Promoter Score

GROSS MARGIN

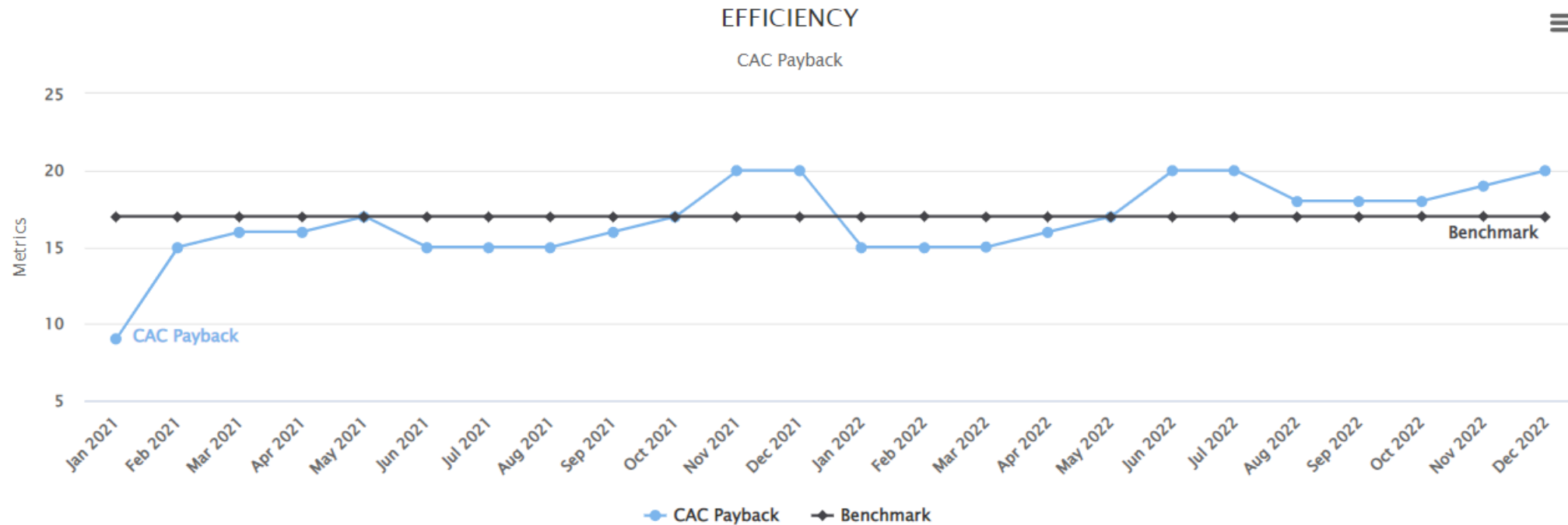
Overall Gross Margin
Recurring Margin
PS Margin
PS Mix

PROFIT & OPEX

Rule of 40
Sales/Marketing as % of Rev
R&D as % of Rev
G&A as % of Rev
Adj. EBITDA

EFFICIENCY

LTV to CAC Ratio
[CAC Payback](#)
Cost of ARR
Magic Number





Metrics Together

Metrics in isolation do not mean much.

Must look at the complete metrics story.

Not just one metric!

Financial Free Fall

GROWTH	RETENTION	GROSS MARGIN	PROFIT & OPEX	EFFICIENCY
New Bookings (T3M) -73% 50%+	Gross Logo Retention 46% 90%+	Overall Gross Margin T6M 75% 70%+	Rule of 40 -245 40+	LTV to CAC Ratio 0.3 2x - 5x
Expansion Bookings (T3M) -63% 50%+	Gross Dollar Retention 38% 90%+	Recurring Margin 74% 80%+	R&D as % of Rev T6M 110% 15-20%	T3M CAC Payback 50 11 - 15
Revenue Growth (T3M) -40% 50%+	Net Dollar Retention 42% 100%+	PS Margin N/A 35%+	Sales/Marketing as % of Rev 98% 25%+	Blended Cost of ARR \$2.41 < \$1.33
New Logos (T3M) -79% 50%+	Net Promoter Score N/A 40+	PS Mix N/A <25%	G&A as % of Rev 73% < 20%	Rev per FTE (\$000) \$133 UP
ARPA / ARPU \$134 FLAT			Adj. EBITDA -206% 20%+	Magic Number (0.7) 0.75

No Growth, No Investment

GROWTH	RETENTION	GROSS MARGIN	PROFIT & OPEX	EFFICIENCY
New Bookings	Gross Logo Retention	Overall Gross Margin (T6M)	Rule of 40	LTV to CAC Ratio
-25% 50%+	68% 90%+	73% 70%+	18% 40%+	5.5 2x - 5x
Expansion Bookings	Gross Dollar Retention	Recurring Margin (T6M)	R&D as % of Rev (T6M)	CAC Payback
-14% 50%	69% 90%+	80% 80%+	14% 15-20%	8 11 - 15
CARR	Net Dollar Retention	PS Margin (T6M)	Sales/Marketing as % of Rev (T6M)	Cost of ARR
9% 50%+	79% 100%+	-127% 35%+	11% 25%+	\$ 0.40 \$1.35
New Logos	Net Promoter Score	PS Mix	G&A as % of Rev (T6M)	Magic Number
-29% 50%+	N/A 40+	3.5% <25%	44% < 20%	(0.1) 0.75
ARPA / ARPU			Adj. EBITDA	
\$125 Up			4% 20%+	

Invest in S&M?

GROWTH	RETENTION	GROSS MARGIN	PROFIT & OPEX	EFFICIENCY
New Bookings (T3M)	Gross Logo Retention (T3M)	Overall Gross Margin (T3M)	Rule of 40 (T6M)	LTV to CAC Ratio (T3M)
4% 50%+	72% 90%+	70% 70%+	24 40+	3 2x - 5x
Expansion Bookings (T3M)	Gross Dollar Retention (T3M)	Recurring Margin (T3M)	R&D as % of Rev (T6M)	CAC Payback (T3M)
256% 50%+	71% 90%+	70% 80%+	12% 15-20%	15 11 - 15
CARR (T3M)	Net Dollar Retention (T3M)	PS Margin	Sales/Marketing as % of Rev (T6M)	Cost of ARR (T6M)
10% 50%+	94% 100%+	N/A 35%+	22% 25%+	\$0.52 < \$1.33
New Logos (T3M)	Net Promoter Score	PS Mix	G&A as % of Rev (T6M)	ROSE Metric (T3M)
3% 50%+	N/A 40+	0% <25%	22% < 20%	\$2.66 UP
MRR ARPA			Adj. EBITDA (T6M)	Magic Number (T3M)
\$68 UP			14% 20%+	1.5 0.75
Legend NED = not enough data	Better In Range Caution Assessing			Annual Rev per FTE (TTM)
Actual Goal				\$ 271,098 UP



Broken Business Model?

More than just CAC?

We like to put a ton of pressure on Sales & Marketing but...

Do we also have margin and OpEx issues?



Poor CAC Profile?

We must pause further investment in sales and marketing.

With current spend, improve our GTM efficiency.



Burning Cash?

Do we need to implement delays?

Expense reductions?



**We must determine our
next steps...**

Pause?

Cut?

Invest more?

Constantly Iterate



Helpful Tips



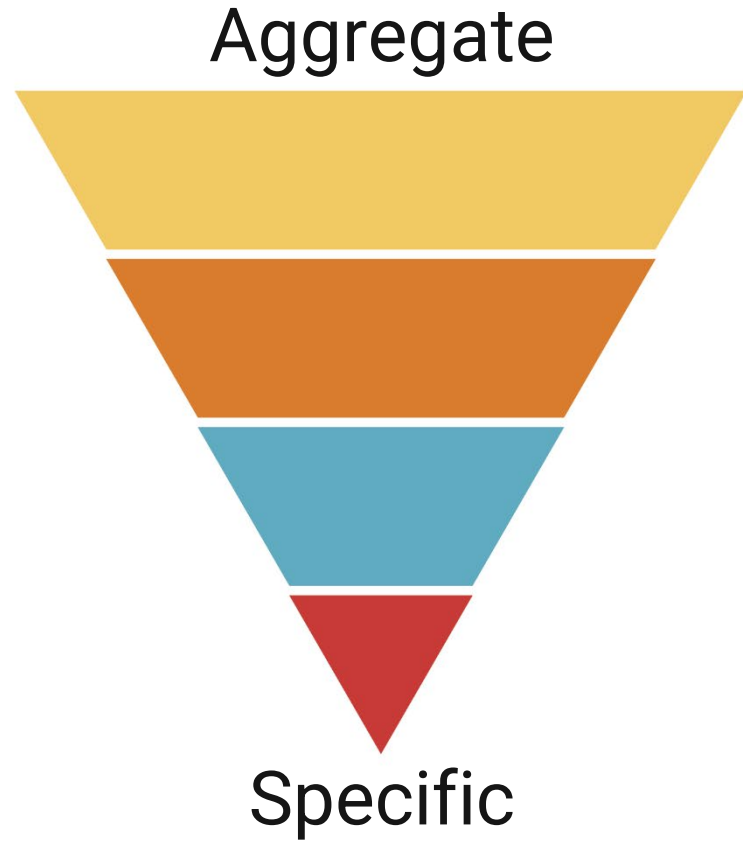


Sales Cycle Alignment

We calculate monthly but our period of measurement should be aligned to our sales cycles.

For self-service SaaS, we may calculate using one month only.

For high ACV products, we may calculate using trailing 12 months.



Segments of CAC/GTM

We should calculate in aggregate at first but also by the appropriate segments for our business.

Customer demographics, and/or ideal customer profile (ICP), for example.



PLG Motion?

Post-sale expansion may need to be considered.

Do you have natural, organic expansion that may shorten your payback?

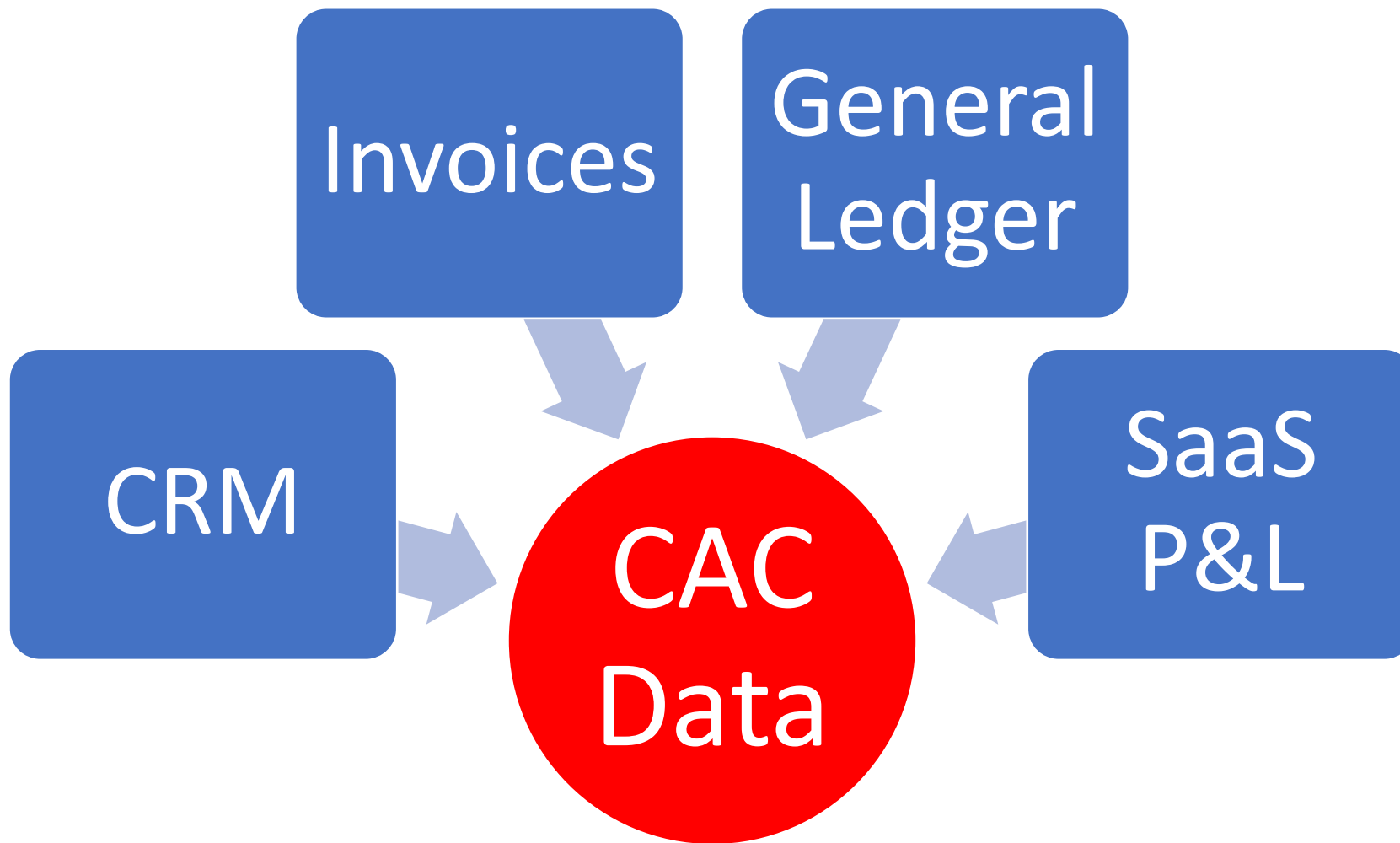
PLG Timing



Who gets credit
for post-sale
expansion?

The Systems





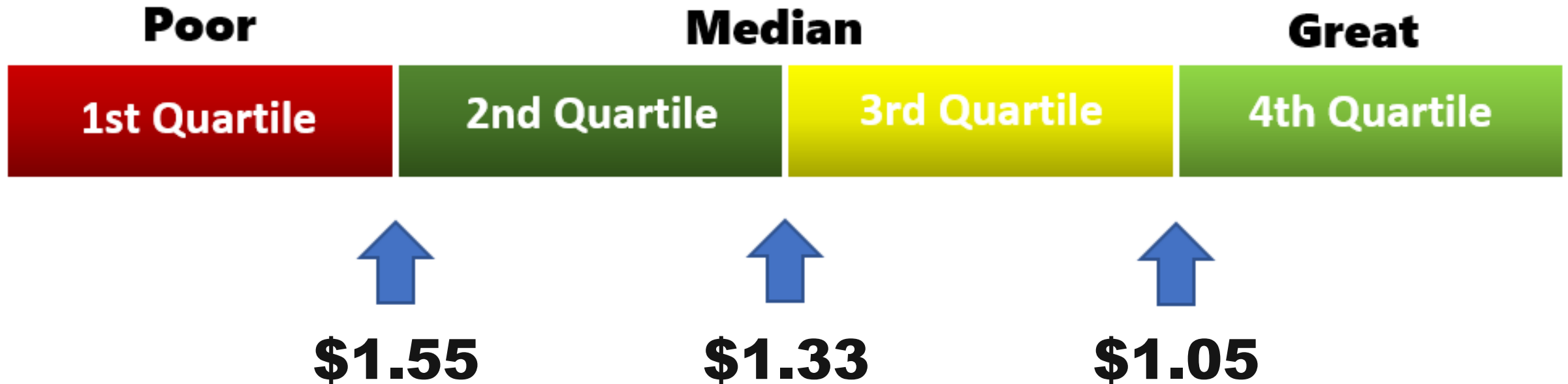


Benchmarks

BENCHMARKS

Blended CAC Ratio

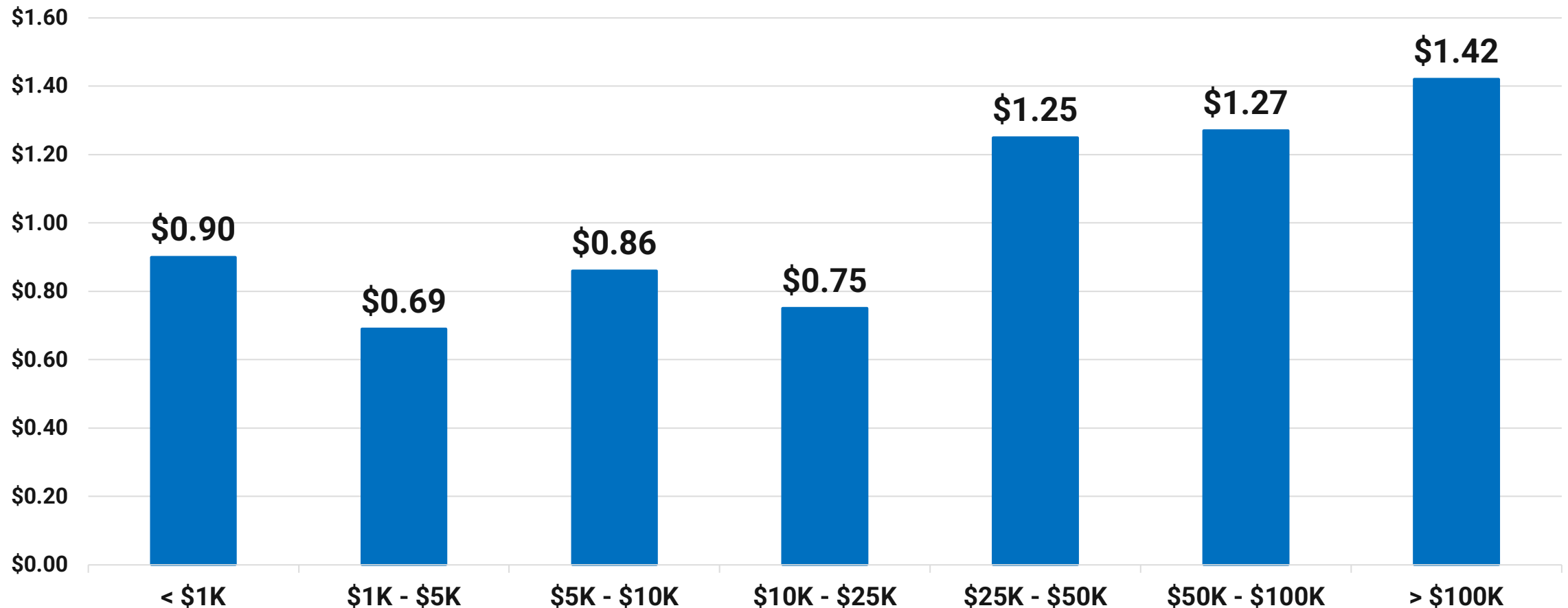
Source: RevOpsSquared.com FY21 SaaS Survey
Total Population



BENCHMARKS

Blended CAC Ratio By ACV – Top Quartile

Source: RevOpsSquared.com FY21 SaaS Survey





Find your benchmarks...

<https://saaskpibenchmarks.com/dashboard>



Q&A

SUMMARY

- Assess GTM profile with 5 metrics
- For consistent, repeatable process:
 - Requires data set up
 - Requires systems set up
 - Agreement on calculations
- Assess
 - Trend
 - Context
 - Benchmarks
- Influence decision-making process and take action!





THANK YOU!

ben@thesaascfo.com

To learn more...

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TheSaaSCFO.com

TheSaaSNews.com

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Appendix



The Metrics



CAC

METRIC TYPE: sales and marketing efficiency

MEASURES: the total sales and marketing expenses associated with acquiring one new customer

WHO: Finance, sales, marketing, CEO/founder

CAC FORMULA

$$\frac{\text{Sales} + \text{Marketing Expenses}}{\text{New Customers Acquired}}$$

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Only the expenses associated with
acquiring NEW business

New Customers Acquired

Newly acquired customer count

CAC PAYBACK PERIOD

METRIC TYPE: sales and marketing efficiency

MEASURES: the number of months required to pay back the upfront customer acquisition costs after accounting for the variable expenses to service that customer.

WHO: Finance, sales, marketing, Board, CEO/founder

CAC PAYBACK FORMULA

$$\frac{\text{CAC}}{\text{MRR} * \text{Recurring Gross Margin}}$$

CAC

Customer acquisition cost to acquire one new customer

MRR * Recurring Gross Margin

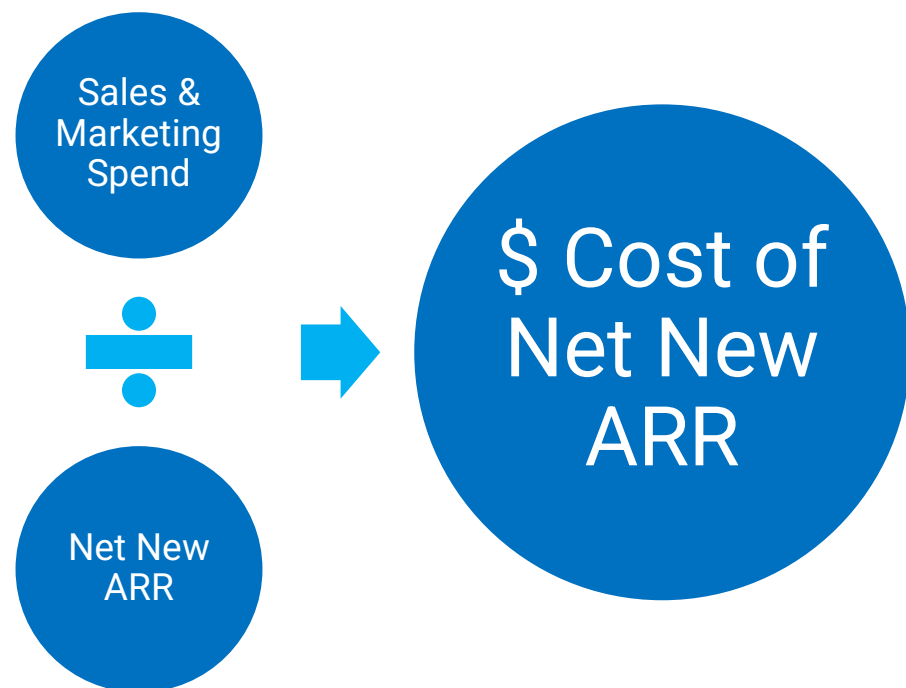
Monthly recurring revenue for that customer multiplied by
your recurring gross margin

COST OF ARR

METRIC TYPE: sales and marketing efficiency

MEASURES: the cost to acquire \$1 of net new ARR

COST OF ARR FORMULA



Sales & Marketing Expense

Fully burdened...wages, taxes, benefits, commissions, advertising, trade shows, conferences, swag, travel, etc.

Net New ARR

Includes your ARR from new business/logos, your net new ARR from existing customers and downgrades.

What is ARR?

Annual recurring revenue. Your executed contracts (i.e. bookings).

Result

The cost in dollars to acquire \$1 of new ARR

SAAS MAGIC NUMBER

METRIC TYPE: sales and marketing efficiency

MEASURES: the relationship between annualized revenue growth and sales and marketing expense; revenue growth per one dollar of sales and marketing spend

FORMULA

$$\frac{(\text{Current Quarter's Revenue} - \text{Previous Quarter's Revenue}) \times 4}{\text{Previous Quarter's Sales \& Marketing Expense}}$$

Recurring Revenue

Recognized subscription revenue
(not your booked or invoiced revenue)

Sales & Marketing Expense

Fully burdened...wages, taxes, benefits, commissions,
advertising, trade shows, conferences, swag, travel, etc.



LTV

METRIC TYPE: financial return

MEASURES: revenue or margin that your company receives from one customer over the lifetime of that customer. The cash flows from that customer.

LTV FORMULA – ARR BASIS

$$\frac{\text{ARR} * \text{Recurring Gross Margin \%}}{\text{Annual \% Churn}}$$

- ARR = cohort ARR
- Margin = recurring gross margin
- Annual Dollar Churn % = dollar-based churn, not logo churn
- If MRR basis, replace ARR with MRR and Annual with Monthly
- Point in time calculation!
 - Median, Min, Max
- Don't use entire customer base!